

# Health and Safety policy



**Approved by:** Full Governing Body

**Date:**

**Last reviewed on:** Jan 2026 by Deb Thwaites

**Next review due by:** January 2027

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## 1. Aims

Our school aims to:

- Provide and maintain a safe and healthy environment
- Establish and maintain safe working procedures amongst staff, pupils and all visitors to the school site
- Have robust procedures in place in case of emergencies
- Ensure that the premises and equipment are maintained safely, and are regularly inspected

## 2. Legislation

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education on [health and safety in schools](#) and the following legislation:

- [The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974](#), which sets out the general duties employers have towards employees and duties relating to lettings
- [The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992](#), which require employers to make an assessment of the risks to the health and safety of their employees
- [The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999](#), which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training
- [The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002](#), which require employers to control substances that are hazardous to health
- [The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations \(RIDDOR\) 2013](#), which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept
- [The Health and Safety \(Display Screen Equipment\) Regulations 1992](#), which require employers to carry out digital screen equipment assessments and states users' entitlement to an eyesight test
- [The Gas Safety \(Installation and Use\) Regulations 1998](#), which require work on gas fittings to be carried out by someone on the Gas Safe Register

- [The Regulatory Reform \(Fire Safety\) Order 2005](#), which requires employers to take general fire precautions to ensure the safety of their staff
- [The Work at Height Regulations 2005](#), which requires employers to protect their staff from falls from height

The school follows [national guidance published by Public Health England](#) when responding to infection control issues.

Sections of this policy are also based on the [Early years foundation stage \(EYFS\) statutory framework - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

### **3. Roles and responsibilities**

#### **3.1 The local authority and governing body**

North Northamptonshire Council has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school, but delegates responsibility for the strategic management of such matters to the school's governing body. The governing body delegates operational matters and day-to-day tasks to the head teacher and staff members.

#### **3.2 Head teacher**

The head teacher is responsible for health and safety day-to-day. This involves:

- Implementing the health and safety policy
- Ensuring there is enough staff to safely supervise pupils
- Ensuring that the school building and premises are safe and regularly inspected
- Providing adequate training for school staff
- Reporting to the governing board on health and safety matters
- Ensuring appropriate evacuation procedures are in place and regular fire drills are held
- Ensuring that in their absence, health and safety responsibilities are delegated to another member of staff
- Ensuring all risk assessments are completed and reviewed
- Monitoring cleaning contracts, and ensuring cleaners are appropriately trained and have access to personal protective equipment, where necessary

In the head teacher's absence, the school business manager assumes the above day-to-day health and safety responsibilities.

### 3.3 Health and safety lead

The nominated health and safety lead is the school business manager: **Mandy Coles**

#### Staff

School staff have a duty to take care of pupils in the same way that a prudent parent would do so.

Staff will:

- Take reasonable care of their own health and safety and that of others who may be affected by what they do at work
- Co-operate with the school on health and safety matters
- Work in accordance with training and instructions
- Inform the appropriate person of any work situation representing a serious and immediate danger so that remedial action can be taken
- Model safe and hygienic practice for pupils
- Understand emergency evacuation procedures and feel confident in implementing them

### 3.5 Pupils and parents

Pupils and parents are responsible for following the school's health and safety advice, on-site and off-site, and for reporting any health and safety incidents to a member of staff.

### 3.6 Contractors

Contractors will agree health and safety practices with the head teacher before starting work. Before work begins the contractor will provide evidence that they have completed an adequate risk assessment of all their planned work and a copy of their public liability insurance certificate with a cover of at least 5 million pounds.

## 4. Site security

The senior management team, supported by the cleaner-in-charge, are responsible for the security of the school site in and out of school hours. They are responsible for visual inspections of the site, and for the intruder and fire alarm systems.

The senior management team and the cleaner in charge are key holders and will respond to an emergency. Out of hours the key holders are First Reaction Security Limited.

#### 4.1 Procedures for visitors and contractors on site.

All visitors and contractors sign in and provide proof of ID, this can be their work name badge. Our DBS checks and policy and procedures are documented in our Safeguarding Policy.

## 5. Fire

Emergency exits, assembly points and assembly point instructions are clearly identified by safety signs and notices. Fire risk assessment of the premises will be reviewed regularly. County Fire complete an annual check of fire extinguishers and blankets. Emergency evacuations are practised at least once a term.

The fire alarm is a loud continuous bell.

Fire alarm testing will take place once a week on after the majority of pupils have left the building.

New staff will be trained in fire safety and all staff and pupils will be made aware of any new fire risks.

In the event of a fire:

The alarm will be raised immediately by whoever discovers the fire and emergency services contacted. Evacuation procedures will also begin immediately

- Fire extinguishers may be used by staff only, and only then if staff are trained in how to operate them and are confident they can use them without putting themselves or others at risk

- 
- Staff and pupils will congregate at the assembly point. The assembly point is the school playground. Each room has its own assembly area and staff practice lining up with the children at the assembly area each Friday so the children know what to do in an emergency.
- An initial headcount of children will then be checked against the attendance register of that day
- The head teacher will take a register of all staff
- Staff and pupils will remain outside the building until the emergency services say it is safe to re-enter

The school will have special arrangements in place for the evacuation of people with mobility needs and fire risk assessments will also pay particular attention to those with disabilities.

A fire safety checklist can be found in appendix 1.

## 6. COSHH

Schools are required to control hazardous substances, which can take many forms, including:

- Chemicals
- Products containing chemicals
- Fumes
- Dusts
- Vapours
- Mists
- Gases and asphyxiating gases
- Germs that cause diseases, such as leptospirosis or legionnaires disease

Control of substances hazardous to health (COSHH) risk assessments are completed by the School Business Manager and shared with all employees who work with hazardous substances. Staff will also be provided with protective equipment, where necessary.

When applicable staff use and store hazardous products in accordance with instructions on the product label. All hazardous products are kept in their original containers, with clear labelling and product information.

Any hazardous products are disposed of in accordance with specific disposal procedures.

Emergency procedures, including procedures for dealing with spillages, are recorded in the COSHH file which is kept in the school office

### 6.1 Gas safety

- Installation, maintenance and repair of gas appliances and fittings will be carried out by a competent Gas Safe registered engineer
- Gas pipework, appliances and flues are regularly maintained
- All rooms with gas appliances are checked to ensure that they have adequate ventilation

### 6.2 Legionella

- A water risk assessment has been completed in August 2025 by Safewater Environmental Ltd.
- A full legionella risk assessment has been completed August 2024.
- The cleaner is responsible for ensuring that the identified operational controls are conducted and recorded in the school's water log book
- This risk assessment will be reviewed every two years or when significant changes have occurred to the water system and/or building footprint

The risks from legionella are mitigated by the following: water temperature checks, disinfection of shower heads.

### **6.3 Asbestos**

- Staff are briefed on the hazards of asbestos, the location of any asbestos in the school and the action to take if they suspect they have disturbed it
- Arrangements are in place to ensure that contractors are made aware of any asbestos on the premises and that it is not disturbed by their work
- Contractors will be advised that if they discover material which they suspect could be asbestos, they will stop work immediately until the area is declared safe
- A record is kept of the location of asbestos that has been found on the school site and this is monitored regularly.

## **7. Equipment**

- All equipment and machinery is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In addition, maintenance schedules outline when extra checks should take place
- When new equipment is purchased, it is checked to ensure that it meets appropriate educational standards
- All equipment is stored in the appropriate storage containers and areas. All containers are labelled with the correct hazard sign and contents

### **7.1 Electrical equipment**

- All staff are responsible for ensuring that they use and handle electrical equipment sensibly and safely
- Staff will use only appliances provided by the school. Personal electrical equipment will not be used unless it has an in date PAT test.
- Any pupil or volunteer who handles electrical appliances does so under the supervision of the member of staff who so directs them
- Any potential hazards will be reported to the school business manager immediately
- Permanently installed electrical equipment is connected through a dedicated isolator switch and adequately earthed
- Portable appliance tests (PAT) are carried out by a competent person each year
- All isolators switches are clearly marked to identify their machine
- Electrical apparatus and connections will not be touched by wet hands and will only be used in dry conditions
- Maintenance, repair, installation and disconnection work associated with permanently installed or portable electrical equipment is only carried out by a competent person

### **7.2 PE equipment**

- Staff check that equipment is set up safely
- Any concerns about the condition any apparatus will be reported to the school business manager

### **7.3 Display screen equipment**

- All staff who use computers daily as a significant part of their normal work have a display screen equipment (DSE) assessment carried out using the HSE checklist. 'Significant' is taken to be continuous/near continuous spells of an hour or more at a time
- Staff identified as DSE users are entitled to an eyesight test for DSE use upon request, and at regular intervals thereafter, by a qualified optician (and corrective glasses provided if required specifically for DSE use)

## 8. Lone working

Lone working may include:

- Late working
- Weekend working
- Site cleaning duties
- Working in a single occupancy office

Potentially dangerous activities, such as those where there is a risk of falling from height, will not be undertaken when working alone. If there are any doubts about the task to be performed then the task will be postponed until other staff members are available.

If lone working is to be undertaken, a colleague, friend or family member will be informed about where the member of staff is and when they are likely to return.

The lone worker contacts the SMT team when they are home safely.

The lone worker will ensure that they are medically fit to work alone.

## 9. Working at height

We will ensure that work is properly planned, supervised and carried out by competent people with the skills, knowledge and experience to do the work.

In addition:

- The cleaner in charge retains ladders for working at height
- Pupils are prohibited from using ladders
- Staff will wear appropriate footwear and clothing when using ladders
- Contractors are expected to provide their own ladders for working at height
- Before using a ladder, staff are expected to conduct a visual inspection to ensure its safety • Access to high levels, such as roofs, is only permitted by trained persons

## 10. Manual handling

It is up to individuals to determine whether they are fit to lift or move equipment and furniture. If an individual feels that to lift an item could result in injury or exacerbate an existing condition, they will ask for assistance.

All staff are required to complete Manual Handling training with National College annually

The school will ensure that proper mechanical aids and lifting equipment are available in school, and that staff are trained in how to use them safely.

Staff and pupils are expected to complete manual handling training and use the following basic manual handling procedure:

- Plan the lift and assess the load. If it is awkward or heavy, use a mechanical aid, such as a trolley, or ask another person to help
- Take the more direct route that is clear from obstruction and is as flat as possible
- Ensure the area where you plan to offload the load is clear
- When lifting, bend your knees and keep your back straight, feet apart and angled out. Ensure the load is held close to the body and firmly. Lift smoothly and slowly and avoid twisting, stretching and reaching where practicable

## 11. Off-site visits

When taking pupils off the school premises, we will ensure that:

- The class teacher, Jackie Wilson has undertaken Education Visits coordinator training (June 2023)

- Risk assessments will be completed where off-site visits and activities require them
- All off-site visits are appropriately staffed
- Staff will take a mobile phone, a portable first aid kit, information about the specific medical needs of pupils along with the parents' contact details
- There will always be at least one first aider with a current paediatric first aid certificate on school trips and visits, as required by the statutory framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage.
- Ronald Tree consult Longtown, the educational visits advisory service to advise on best practise and trip requirements

## **12. Lettings**

This policy applies to lettings. Those who hire any aspect of the school site or any facilities will be made aware of the content of the school's health and safety policy, and will have responsibility for complying with it.

## **13. Violence at work**

We believe that staff should not be in any danger at work, and will not tolerate violent or threatening behaviour towards our staff. We share a Parent Code of Conduct with our families on the school website and the app Reach More Parents.

All staff will report any incidents of aggression or violence (or near misses) directed to themselves to their line manager/headteacher immediately. This applies to violence from pupils, visitors or other staff.

## **14. Smoking and Vaping**

Smoking and vaping is not permitted anywhere on the school premises.

## **15. Infection prevention and control**

We follow national guidance published by Public Health England when responding to infection control issues.

We will encourage staff and pupils to follow this good hygiene practice, outlined below, where applicable.

### **15.1 Handwashing**

- Wash hands with liquid soap and warm water, and dry with paper towels
  - Always wash hands after using the toilet, before eating or handling food, and after handling animals •
- Cover all cuts and abrasions with waterproof dressings

### **15.2 Coughing and sneezing**

- Cover mouth and nose with a tissue
- Wash hands after using or disposing of tissues
- Spitting is discouraged

### **15.3 Personal protective equipment**

- Wear disposable non-powdered vinyl or latex-free CE-marked gloves and disposable plastic aprons where there is a risk of splashing or contamination with blood/body fluids (for example, nappy or pad changing)
- Wear goggles if there is a risk of splashing to the face
- Use the correct personal protective equipment when handling cleaning chemicals

### **15.4 Cleaning of the environment**

- Clean the environment frequently and thoroughly



### **15.5 Cleaning of blood and body fluid spillages**

- Clean up all spillages of blood, faeces, saliva, vomit, nasal and eye discharges immediately and wear personal protective equipment
- When spillages occur, clean using a product that combines both a detergent and a disinfectant and use as per manufacturer's instructions. Ensure it is effective against bacteria and viruses and suitable for use on the affected surface
- Never use mops for cleaning up blood and body fluid spillages – use disposable paper towels and discard clinical waste as described below
- Make spillage kits available for blood spills

### **15.6 Laundry**

- Wash laundry in a separate dedicated facility
- Wash soiled linen separately and at the hottest wash the fabric will tolerate
- Wear personal protective clothing when handling soiled linen
- Bag children's soiled clothing to be sent home, never rinse by hand

### **15.7 Clinical waste**

- Always segregate domestic and clinical waste, in accordance with local policy
- Used nappies/pads, gloves, aprons and soiled dressings are stored in correct clinical waste bags in foot-operated bins
- Remove clinical waste with a registered waste contractor
- Remove all clinical waste bags when they are two-thirds full and store in a dedicated, secure area while awaiting collection

### **15.8 Animals**

- Wash hands before and after handling any animals
- Keep animals' living quarters clean and away from food areas
- Dispose of animal waste regularly, and keep litter boxes away from pupils
- Supervise pupils when playing with animals
- Seek veterinary advice on animal welfare and animal health issues, and the suitability of the animal as a pet

### **15.9 Infectious disease management**

We will ensure adequate risk reduction measures are in place to manage the spread of acute respiratory diseases, including COVID-19, and carry out appropriate risk assessments, reviewing them regularly and monitoring whether any measures in place are working effectively.

We will follow local and national guidance on the use of control measures including:

#### **Following good hygiene practices**

We will encourage all staff and pupils to regularly wash their hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser, and follow recommended practices for respiratory hygiene. Where required, we will provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### **Implementing an appropriate cleaning regime**

We will regularly clean equipment and rooms, and ensure surfaces that are frequently touched are cleaned [twice a day]

#### **Keeping rooms well ventilated**

We will use risk assessments to identify rooms or areas with poor ventilation and put measures in place to improve airflow, including opening external windows, opening internal doors and mechanical ventilation

### **15.10 Pupils vulnerable to infection**

Some medical conditions make pupils vulnerable to infections that would rarely be serious in most children. The school will normally have been made aware of such vulnerable children. These children are particularly vulnerable to chickenpox, measles or slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) and, if exposed to any of these, the parent/carer will be informed promptly and further medical advice sought. We will advise these children to have additional immunisations, for example for pneumococcal and influenza.

### **15.11 Exclusion periods for infectious diseases**

The school will follow recommended exclusion periods outlined by Public Health England, summarised in appendix 2. In the event of an epidemic/pandemic, we will follow advice from Public Health England about the appropriate course of action.

## **16. New and expectant mothers**

Risk assessments will be carried out whenever any employee notifies the school that they are pregnant.

Appropriate measures will be put in place to control risks identified. Some specific risks are summarised below:

- Chickenpox can affect the pregnancy if a woman has not already had the infection. Expectant mothers should report exposure to antenatal carer and GP at any stage of exposure. Shingles is caused by the same virus as chickenpox, so anyone who has not had chickenpox is potentially vulnerable to the infection if they have close contact with a case of shingles
- If a pregnant woman comes into contact with measles or German measles (rubella), she should inform her antenatal carer and GP immediately to ensure investigation
- Slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) can occasionally affect an unborn child. If exposed early in pregnancy (before 20 weeks), the pregnant woman should inform her antenatal care and GP as this must be investigated promptly

## **17. Occupational stress**

The school has a well-being policy for staff. We are committed to promoting high levels of health and wellbeing and recognise the importance of identifying and reducing workplace stressors through risk assessment.

Systems are in place within the school for responding to individual concerns and monitoring staff workloads.

## **18. Accident reporting**

### **18.1 Accident records**

- An online accident form will be completed as soon as possible after the accident occurs by the member of staff who deals with it.
- As much detail as possible will be supplied when reporting an accident
- These forms must be shared with parents and signed on the day of the incident
- When a child has an injury or marking when they arrive at school, or an unexplained mark is discovered by staff, a yellow pupil injury form must be recorded by staff and signed by parents on the day the injury is seen.

- Accident forms are recorded on the Tapestry learning journal. These are downloaded termly and stored on school systems. Termly accident reports are completed to identify trends and school response
- Records held will be retained by the school for a minimum of 25 years, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, and then securely disposed of
- Any injuries which result in a child, staff member or visitor being taken straight to hospital are reported by the head teacher to NNC on the platform: [awaken.northnorthants.gov.uk](http://awaken.northnorthants.gov.uk)
- 18.2 Reporting to the Health and Safety Executive

The school business manager will keep a record of any accident which results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The school business manager will report these to the Health and Safety Executive as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident. Reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences include:

- Death

- Specified injuries. These are:
    - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
    - Amputations
    - Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
    - Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
    - Serious burns (including scalding)
    - Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
    - Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
    - Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
  - Injuries where an employee is away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days
  - Where an accident leads to someone being taken to hospital
  - Near-miss events that do not result in an injury, but could have done. Examples of near-miss events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
    - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
    - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
    - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
    - An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion
- Information on how to make a RIDDOR report is available here:

[How to make a RIDDOR report, HSE](http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm) <http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm>

### 18.3 Notifying parents

A member of staff will inform parents of any accident or injury sustained by a pupil, and any first aid treatment given, on the same day, or as soon as reasonably practicable. Parents are asked to sign to say they have been informed.

### 18.4 Reporting to Ofsted and child protection agencies

The head teacher will notify Ofsted of any serious accident, illness or injury to, or death of, a pupil while in the school's care. This will happen as soon as is reasonably practicable, and no later than 14 days after the incident.

The head teacher will also notify North Northamptonshire Council of any serious accident or injury to, or the death of, a pupil while in the school's care.

## **19. Training**

Our staff are provided with health and safety training as part of their induction process; and online refresher training on an annual basis.

Staff who work in high risk environments, such as in science labs or with woodwork equipment, or work with pupils with special educational needs (SEN), are given additional health and safety training.

## **20. Monitoring**

This policy will be reviewed by the school business manager and head teacher every year.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing body

## **21. Links with other policies**

This health and safety policy links to the following policies:

- First Aid Policy
- Medical Conditions Policy
- Accessibility plan



## Health and Safety Policy Statement

Signature of the head teacher:

Signature of the Chair of Governors:

Date: 10.02.2026

The staff and governors regard the promotion of health and safety at work to be of the utmost importance for all personnel that attend as pupils, work in and visit Ronald Tree Nursery School.

It is school policy to ensure that every reasonable step be taken to prevent injury and ill-health to personnel by protecting individuals from hazards at work. This also includes pupils and visitors to the school whether it is for pursuance of their employment or other activities.

This is approached by:

- assessing and controlling risk as part of the day-to-day management of school activity
- providing and maintaining safe, healthy and secure working conditions, training and instruction so that personnel are able to perform their various tasks safely and efficiently
- ensuring that a constant awareness with regard to health and safety at work is maintained in respect of all activities within the school and during out-of-school activities
- periodic review of the safety policy as school activities and the associated risks change

All staff employed in the school have a legal obligation to co-operate in the operation of this policy by not interfering with or misusing equipment that has been provided in the interests of health and safety.

All employees within the school have a corresponding obligation to co-operate and comply with this policy so far as is reasonably practicable by:

- complying with safety procedures, whether written or brought to their attention by other means for their own protection, protection of those under their supervision and others who may be affected by their actions
- reporting to the School Business Manager any incident that has led, or could have led, to damage or injury
- assisting in any investigation with regard to accidents, dangerous occurrences or near-misses.

It is the responsibility of all line managers to ensure compliance with safety arrangements within their areas of responsibility. From time to time, safety arrangements are adopted for the control of risk and reflect the procedures that are to be followed within the school.

## Appendix 1. Fire safety checklist

| Issue to check                                                                        | Yes/No |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Are fire regulations prominently displayed?                                           | Yes    |
| Is fire-fighting equipment, including fire blankets, in place?                        | Yes    |
| Does fire-fighting equipment give details for the type of fire it should be used for? | Yes    |
| Are fire exits clearly labelled?                                                      | Yes    |
| Are fire doors fitted with self-closing mechanisms?                                   | Yes    |
| Are flammable materials stored away from open flames?                                 | Yes    |
| Do all staff and pupils understand what to do in the event of a fire?                 | Yes    |
| Can you easily hear the fire alarm from all areas?                                    | Yes    |

## Appendix 2. Recommended absence period for preventing the spread of infection

This list of recommended absence periods for preventing the spread of infection is taken from non-statutory guidance for schools and other childcare settings from Public Health England. For each of these infections or complaints, there [is further information in the guidance on the symptoms, how it spreads and some 'do's and don'ts' to follow that you can check](#).

| Infection or complaint          | Recommended period to be kept away from school or nursery                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Athlete's foot</b>           | None.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Campylobacter</b>            | Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Chicken pox (shingles)</b>   | <p>Cases of chickenpox are generally infectious from 2 days before the rash appears to 5 days after the onset of rash. Although the usual exclusion period is 5 days, all lesions should be crusted over before children return to nursery or school.</p> <p>A person with shingles is infectious to those who have not had chickenpox and should be excluded from school if the rash is weeping and cannot be covered or until the rash is dry and crusted over.</p> |
| <b>Cold sores</b>               | None.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Coronavirus – Covid 19</b>   | Anyone with a positive test result for Covid 19 should not attend the setting for 3 days after the test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Rubella (German measles)</b> | 5 days from appearance of the rash.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

|                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hand, foot and mouth</b>                                    | Parents are asked to keep their child home until the infection has fully cleared and the blisters have dried up                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Impetigo</b>                                                | Until lesions are crusted and healed, or 48 hours after starting antibiotic treatment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Measles</b>                                                 | Cases are infectious from 4 days before onset of rash to 4 days after so it is important to ensure cases are excluded from school during this period.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Ringworm</b>                                                | Exclusion not needed once treatment has started.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Scabies</b>                                                 | The infected child or staff member should be excluded until after the first treatment has been carried out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Scarlet fever</b>                                           | Children can return to school 24 hours after commencing appropriate antibiotic treatment. If no antibiotics have been administered the person will be infectious for 2 to 3 weeks. If there is an outbreak of scarlet fever at the school or nursery, the health protection team will assist with letters and factsheet to send to parents or carers and staff. |
| <b>Slapped cheek syndrome, Parvovirus B19, Fifth's disease</b> | None (not infectious by the time the rash has developed).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



|                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Bacillary Dysentery (Shigella)</b>              | Microbiological clearance is required for some types of shigella species prior to the child or food handler returning to school.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Diarrhoea and/or vomiting (Gastroenteritis)</b> | <p>Children and adults with diarrhoea or vomiting should be excluded until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped and they are well enough to return. If medication is prescribed, ensure that the full course is completed and there is no further diarrhoea or vomiting for 48 hours after the course is completed.</p> <p>For some gastrointestinal infections, longer periods of exclusion from school are required and there may be a need to obtain microbiological clearance. For these groups, your local health protection team, school health advisor or environmental health officer will advise.</p> |
| <b>Cryptosporidiosis</b>                           | Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>E. coli (verocytotoxigenic or VTEC)</b>         | The standard exclusion period is until 48 hours after symptoms have resolved. However, some people pose a greater risk to others and may be excluded until they have a negative stool sample (for example, pre-school infants, food handlers, and care staff working with vulnerable people). The health protection team will advise in these instances.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Food poisoning</b>                              | Until 48 hours from the last episode of vomiting and diarrhoea and they are well enough to return. Some infections may require longer periods (local health protection team will advise).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Salmonella</b>                                  | Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

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|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Typhoid and Paratyphoid fever</b> | Seek advice from environmental health officers or the local health protection team.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Flu (influenza)</b>               | Until recovered.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Tuberculosis (TB)</b>             | Pupils and staff with infectious TB can return to school after 2 weeks of treatment if well enough to do so and as long as they have responded to anti-TB therapy. Pupils and staff with non-pulmonary TB do not require exclusion and can return to school as soon as they are well enough. |
| <b>Whooping cough (pertussis)</b>    | A child or staff member should not return to school until they have had 48 hours of appropriate treatment with antibiotics and they feel well enough to do so or 21 days from onset of illness if no antibiotic treatment.                                                                   |
| <b>Conjunctivitis</b>                | Until the discharge has stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Giardia</b>                       | Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Glandular fever</b>               | None (can return once they feel well).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

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| <b>Head lice</b>                             | Once the head lice have been treated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hepatitis A</b>                           | Exclude cases from school while unwell or until 7 days after the onset of jaundice (or onset of symptoms if no jaundice, or if under 5, or where hygiene is poor. There is no need to exclude well, older children with good hygiene who will have been much more infectious prior to diagnosis.                                     |
| <b>Hepatitis B</b>                           | Acute cases of hepatitis B will be too ill to attend school and their doctors will advise when they can return. Do not exclude chronic cases of hepatitis B or restrict their activities. Similarly, do not exclude staff with chronic hepatitis B infection. Contact your local health protection team for more advice if required. |
| <b>Hepatitis C</b>                           | None.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Meningococcal meningitis/ septicaemia</b> | If the child has been treated and has recovered, they can return to school.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Meningitis</b>                            | Once the child has been treated (if necessary) and has recovered, they can return to school. No exclusion is needed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Meningitis viral</b>                      | None.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

|                                                           |                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>MRSA (meticillin resisitant staphylococcus aureus)</b> | None                                         |
| <b>Mumps</b>                                              | 5 days after onset of swelling (if well).    |
| <b>Threadworm</b>                                         | Once treatment has been started.             |
| <b>Rotavirus</b>                                          | Until 48 hours after symptoms have subsided. |

